

**Problem Set**  
**Due January 23rd**

Name **ANSWERS KEY**

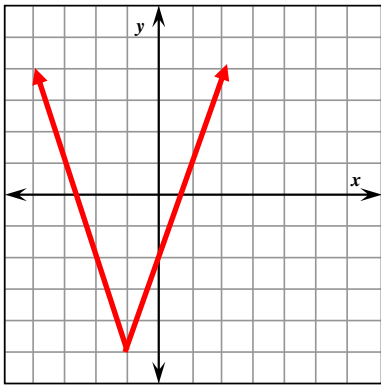
**All Work must be shown for credit!!!**

**This will count as a GRADE. You are expected to do this on your own without a CALCULATOR. This should give you an idea of your preparedness for this course! (3 pts. each)**

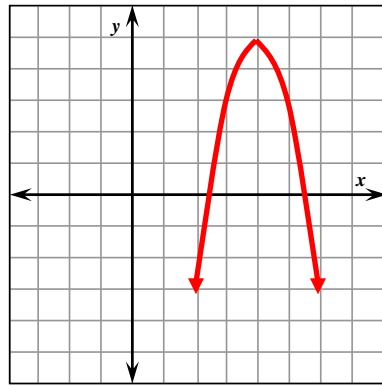
- Write the equation of  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 5$  right 7 units and up 3 units.  $y = 2(x - 9)^2$
- The equation  $y = -[4x + 10]$  describes a function that is translated from a parent function.
  - horiz comp by 1/4
  - Describe each of the translations with specific values: (i.e down 5 units)
    - left 2.5
    - reflected over x-axis

**Graph the following equations without using a calculator. (Transformations help!)**

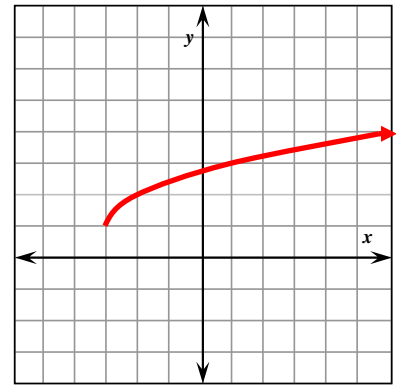
3.  $y = 3|x + 1| - 5$



4.  $y = -2(x - 4)^2 + 5$



5.  $y = \sqrt{x+3} + 1$

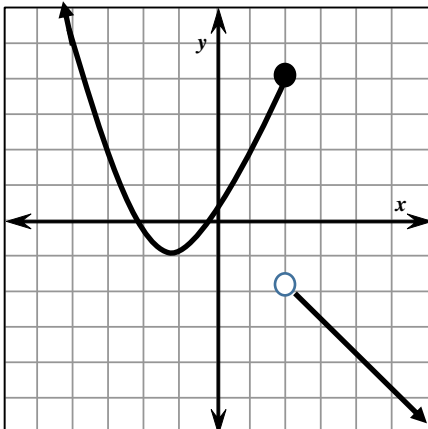


3. 6. If  $\frac{ab}{c} + d = e$ , then what does  $bc$  equal?  
 (Think, you can't isolate  $bc$ )

$$bc = \frac{ab^2}{e-d} \text{ or } \frac{ec^2 - dc^2}{a}$$

7. If  $12 - 6(x^3 + y^3) = 48$ , what is  $(x^3 + y^3)^2 = ?$   $(x^3 + y^3)^2 = ?$  36

8. Find the domain and range of the relation and determine whether it is a function.



**Use Interval Notation (Parentheses & Brackets)**

Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range:  $(-\infty, -2) \cup [-1, \infty)$

Function (yes or no) **yes**

**Factor each of the following completely. DO NOT SOLVE!**

9.  $x^3 + 64$

10.  $25x^2 + 30x + 9$

11.  $x^4 - 45x^2 + 324$

12.  $24x^3 - x^2 - 3x$

$(x + 4)(x^2 - 4x + 16)$

$(5x + 3)(5x + 3)$

$(x - 6)(x + 6)(x - 3)(x + 3)$

$(x)(3x + 1)(8x - 3)$

13. The width of a large square is  $5x + 2$  and the perimeter of a small square is  $4x - 8$ .

Find the difference between the areas of the two squares.

Difference  $24x^2 + 24x$

14.  $-2x^4 - 5x^3 + 9x - 1$  is divided by  $x + 2$ .

What is the remainder?  $-11$

**Solve each of the following equations without a calculator.** (Quadratic Formula needs to be simplified, if used)

15.  $50x^2 = 72$

16.  $x^2 + 6x + 6 = 0$

17.  $\tan \frac{5\pi}{6} = x$

$x = \pm \frac{6}{5}$

$x = -3 \pm \sqrt{3}$

$x = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}$

18. When solving  $-4x^2 - 21x - 3 = 0$ , what is the sum of the roots?  $-21/4$

19. The function  $y = -16t^2 + 450$  models the height  $y$  in feet of a stone  $t$  seconds after it is dropped from the edge of a vertical cliff. How long will it take the stone to hit the ground? Round to the nearest tenth.

(Use a graphing calculator)

$5.3$  secs

20. Find the missing value to complete the square. 21. Find all zeros of  $2x^4 - 5x^3 + 53x^2 - 125x + 75 = 0$ .

$x^2 + 3x + 9/4$

Zeros:  $x = 1, x = 1.5, x = \pm 5i$

22. Write a polynomial function in standard form with zeros at  $-2$  and  $5 - 3i$ .  $y = x^3 - 8x^2 + 14x + 68$

23. If  $f(x) = \frac{12x^2 + 5x - 2}{9x^2 - 4}$  find the following

23. Hole:  $(-2/3, 11/12)$

Vertical Asymptote  $x = 2/3$

Horizontal Asymptote  $y = 4/3$

x-intercept  $(1/4, 0)$

Evaluate the following:

24.  $\log_{27} \frac{1}{243} = x$

25.  $\log_{16} x = \frac{3}{4}$

26.  $\log_2(x^2 + 8) = \log_2 x + \log_2 6$

$x = -5/3$

$x = 8$

$x = 2, x = 4$