AFM Midterm Review I Fall 2016

- 1. Determine if the relation is a function. $\{(1,6), (-3,3), (5,-1)\}$
- 2. Determine the domain of the function $h(x) = \frac{7x}{x(x^2 4)}$.
- 3. Sketch the graph of f(x) = -|x-2|



4. Sketch the graph of f(x) = -[x+2]



5. Sketch the graph of f(x) = [x] + 1



• 6. Find the vertical, horizontal, and slant asymptotes, if any, for $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x - 12}{x^2 - x - 2}$.

7. Given that one zero is -2, find all the zeroes of $P(x) = x^3 + 11x^2 + 38x + 40$

8. Find the number of complex roots of the equation $-x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x = 0$. Then find the roots and graph the related function.

- 9. Find the discriminant and determine the number and kind of roots for $4x^2 4x 24 = 0$.
- 10. Divide using synthetic division: $(x^3 4x^2 16x + 64) \div (x + 4)$.
- 11. Use the rational-root theorem to find the roots of the equation $24x^3 + 14x^2 x 1 = 0$.
- 12. Find all the zeros of the function for $f(x) = 6x^4 + 5x^3 12x^2 5x + 6$.
- 13. Convert 30° to radians.
- 14. Convert $\frac{5}{6}\pi$ to degrees.
- 15. Find the least positive angle measurement that is coterminal to $-\frac{4}{3}\pi$.
- 16. What is the reference angle for $-\frac{53\pi}{10}$ radians?
- 17. For a circle of radius 4 feet, find the arc length s subtended by a central angle of 30°.
- 18. Find the area of a sector with a central angle of $\frac{8\pi}{9}$ and a radius of 8.2 m. Round the answer to one decimal place.
- 19. Find sin θ if θ is an angle is standard position and the point with coordinates (4,3) lies on the terminal side of the angle.
- 20. Find $\cos \theta$ if θ is an angle in standard position and the point with coordinates (3, -4) lies on the terminal side of the angle.
- 21. Find $\tan \theta$ if θ is an angle in standard position and the point with coordinates (-12,5) lies on the terminal side of the angle.
- 22. Find the values of the three trigonometric functions of an angle in standard position and the point with coordinates (2,4) lies on the terminal side.

- 23. Find the values of the three trigonometric functions of an angle in standard position if the point with coordinates (-2,0) lies on the terminal side.
- 24. Find $\cos(-\frac{7}{6}\pi)$.
- 25. Use a calculator to approximate the value of $\cos(-113^\circ)$ to four decimal places.
- 26. In right triangle ABC, $A = 15^{\circ}$ and c = 37. Angle C is the right angle. Solve the triangle. Round angle measures to the nearest minute and side measures to the nearest tenth.
- 27. In right triangle ABC, $B = 15^{\circ}$ and a = 13. Angle C is the right angle. Solve the triangle. Round angle measures to the nearest minute and side measures to the nearest tenth.
- 28. In right triangle ABC, b = 11 and a = 18. Angle C is the right angle. Solve the triangle. Round angle measures to the nearest minute and side measures to the nearest tenth.
- 29. In right triangle ABC, a = 120 and c = 140. Angle C is the right angle. Solve the triangle. Round angle measures to the nearest minute and side measures to the nearest tenth.
- 30. In right triangle ABC, $A = 78^{\circ}$ and c = 82. Angle C is the right angle. Solve the triangle. Round angle measures to the nearest minute and side measures to the nearest tenth.
- 31. How many triangles are there that satisfy the conditions $a = 7, b = 8, A = 70^{\circ}$?
- 32. Solve triangle ABC given that $A = 54^\circ$, $B = 56^\circ$ and b = 73.
- 33. Given a triangle with b = 5, c = 9, and $A = 110^{\circ}$, what is the length of *a*? Round the answer to two decimal places.
- 34. Find the area of the triangle with $A = 98^\circ$, b = 2 feet and c = 7 feet. Round your answer to two decimal places.

35. Use the graph of the cosine function below to find the values θ of for which $\cos \theta = -1$.



36. State the amplitude and period for the function $y = -5 \sin \frac{1}{5} \theta$.





38. The function below determines the amount of yearly income tax a person must pay based on the amount of money they earn in a year.

 $T(x) = \begin{cases} 0.10x & 0 \le x < 12,750 \\ 0.07(x - 12,750) + 765 & 12,750 \le x < 60,000 \\ 0.0775(x - 60,000) + 4,072.50 & x \ge 60,000 \end{cases}$

- a) Describe what x and T(x) represent in the context of the problem.
- b) Write the domain and range in interval notation.
- c) Explain your tax rate (i.e. the % you pay) if you make:i) less than \$12,750 per year
 - ii) \$12,750 to \$59,999 per year
 - iii) \$60,000 per year or more

Make sure to review your Unit Circle. Be ready for no calculator questions on Regular Trigonometry

- 1. Solve for x: $5x^3 + 13x^2 5x + 3 = 0$.
- 2. Determine the equation whose roots are 2, 9 and -4.
- 3. Suppose $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 + 13x + k$ The remainder when f(x) is divided by (x + 1) is -8. What is the remainder when f(x) is divided by (x - 1)?
- 4. Which of the following is NOT a factor of $x^4 3x^2 + 1$?
 - A. x + 1 B. x 1 C. 2x 1
- 5. Write the polynomial equation of least degree for the roots 2i, -2i and -4.
- 6. Find the domain for: $y = \frac{2x-1}{4x^2 4x + 1}$
- 7. Find all asymptotes and holes for #6.
- 8. Find the x and y intercepts of $y = \frac{3(x-4)(x+5)}{(x+7)(x-9)}$.
- 9. Find the smallest positive co-terminal angle with an angle measuring -213°.
- 10. Change -62° 11' 45" to radian measure. Round answer to 4 places.
- 11. Change 1.24 radians to degrees. Round to 4 places.
- 12. Find the degree measure to the nearest tenth, of a central angle whose intercepted arc measures 16in for a circle with radius 12in.
- 13. Find the area to the nearest tenth, of a sector whose central angle measures 105° if the radius of the circle is 4.2 in.

14. Find the reference angle for an angle measuring -124°.

15. Describe the transformations in order then graph: f(x) = -2|x+3| - 4

16. Describe the transformations in order then graph: $y = \left[\frac{1}{3}x\right]$

17. Find the amplitude, period, phase shift and vertical shift: $y = -\frac{1}{3}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}\right) + 5$

18. Find the amplitude, period, phase shift and vertical shift: $f(x)=4\sin(3x+2)$

19. Write a sine and cosine equation for the following graph:



21. Graph on graph paper:



20. The sign for a resturant is mounted on a pole. From a position 5 m from the base of the pole, Mike has to look up 42° to see the bottom of the sign, and 52° to see the top of the sign. How tall is the sign?